Impact of Biliopancreatic Diversion with Duodenal Switch on Nutrition

Biliopancreatic Diversion with Duodenal Switch is a surgical <u>weight-loss</u> procedure in which the combines a sleeve gastrectomy with a malabsorptive bypass.

Very Small Pouch

EAT SLOW

CHEW WELL - about 15 -20 times per bite. Stop eating when you feel full.

After surgery, the stomach can only hold 4-6 oz. You will probably feel full after 2-3 tablespoons of food.

Small intestines switched to allow additional weight loss.

Diet and Behavioral Changes

Do not eat and drink at the same time.

Wait about 30 minutes between eating and drinking Eat and drink slowly –

10 - 15 minutes to eat 1 oz.

10 − 15 minutes to drink ½ cup

Small portions – frequently

Bariatric Surgery Diet Stages:

- 1) Clear liquid Post Op Day
- 2) Full liquid about days 1-10; less than ½ cup per feeding
- 3) Pureed- about week 2 & 3 (1/4 cup-1/3 cup per feeding)
- 3) Soft diet –about weeks 4 & 5 (1/3 cup –1/2 cup/feeding)
- 5) Low-fat, "no added sugar", regular consistency about week 6 (1/2 cup –3/4 cup/feeding)

Chew well

No alcohol

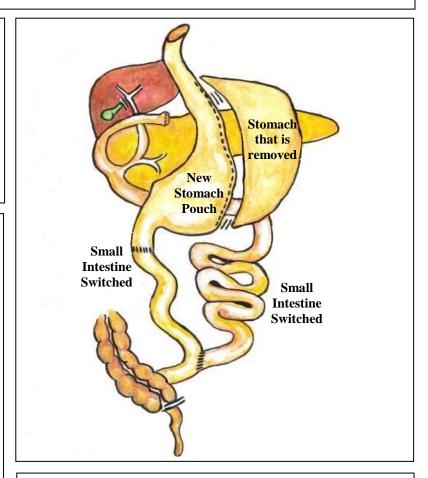
No sugar

Low-fat

Nutrient rich

80-120 grams of protein / day

Adequate fluid – 8 cups /day



Mandatory - Supplements Daily

Multivitamin with Iron x2

• These should include a total of 400 mcg Folate, 18 mg Iron, 16-22 mg Zinc, 2 mg Copper

Calcium citrate with D - 1800 -2400 mg – divide into 600 mg 3-4 times/day

Vitamin B12 – 500 mcg

Additional Thiamine (B1) - to achieve a <u>total of</u> 12 mg and if at risk possibly need a total of 50-100 mg

Additional Folate- for women of child bearing age to achieve a <u>total of</u> 800-1000 mcg Folate

Iron – menstruating women may need additional iron 27-42 mg of elemental iron possible - for a total of 45-60 mg of elemental iron

Separate calcium and iron by at least 2 hours

Additional Vitamin A, D, E, K to achieve a total of

- 10,000 IU Vitamin A
- 3.000 IU of Vitamin D
- 15mg Vitamin
- 300 mcg of Vitamin K

Gas

After you have had gastric surgery, your physician will progress you to a full liquid. The full liquid diet is to be used for approximately the first week after surgery. Your physician will tell when to progress to the pureed diet.

Food Group	Allowed Foods	Foods to Avoid	Comments
Milk and milk products	Fat-free milk, Soy milk without added sugar,	High fat milk products – 2% milk Whole milk	The milk group provides protein
	Sugar-free pudding, Carnation Breakfast Essentials Light Start,	Milkshakes Regular pudding All cheeses	Fairlife milk is high protein
	Strained cream soup Protein drink without added sugar		Almond milk is low protein
Juice	100% juice (cut with water by 50%)	Juice with added sugar Kool-Aid with sugar Lemonade with sugar Punch Fruit drink	
Grains	Refined cooked cereal such as cream of wheat or cream of rice	All other cereal and breads	
Jell-O/Pudding	Sugar-free Jell-O Sugar-free pudding	All other sweets and desserts	
Beverages	Protein drink Water Crystal Light Sugar-free Kool-Aid Tea Coffee V-8 Diet Splash Sugar-free popsicles Broth	Carbonated beverages Sugar sweetened beverages	Half of your beverages should contain protein.

Bariatric Stage 2 Diet:

Sample Full Liquid Menu for after Gastric Surgery

This is a sample menu and may be too much food for you. Stop eating as soon as you feel full.

Breakfast - Cooked refined cereal – 2 – 4 Tablespoons

30 minutes after breakfast – 8 ounces high protein drink (sip ½ cup every 15 minutes)

Two hours after breakfast – Sugar-free pudding – 2 – 4 Tablespoons

Lunch - Strained soup -4 - 6 Tablespoons

30 minutes after lunch -8 ounces water (sip $\frac{1}{4}$ cup every 15 minutes)

2 hours after lunch – 8 ounces high protein drink (sip ¼ cup every 15 minutes)

3 hours after lunch -8 ounces skim milk or soy milk without added sugar (sip $\frac{1}{4}$ cup every 15 minutes)

Dinner - Strained cream soup -4 - 6 Tablespoons

30 minutes after dinner – 8 ounces high protein drink (sip ½ cup every 15 minutes)

Two hours after dinner -8 ounces skim milk (sip $\frac{1}{4}$ cup every 15 minutes)

Three hours after dinner -8 ounces water (sip $\frac{1}{4}$ cup every 15 minutes)

Four hours after dinner -8 ounces water (sip $\frac{1}{4}$ cup every 15 minutes)

(Provides 60 grams of protein if a 13 gram protein drink is used **3 times per day**) (Provides 100 grams of protein if a 28 gram protein drink is used **3 times per day**)

General tips

- Do not eat and drink at the same time. Wait <u>30</u> minutes before and <u>30</u> minutes after eating, to drink.
- Cut food into small pieces.
- Chew food thoroughly (15-20 times a bite).
- Put silverware down between bites.
- Stop eating when you first feel full.
- Take 30 minutes to eat each meal.
- Eat protein foods first, then vegetable, fruit, or starchy food.
- Do not eat or drink foods made with sugar.
- Avoid high fat and greasy food.
- Take your daily vitamins and mineral supplements
- Your protein goal: 60-80grams per day

Bariatric Surgery Diet 3: Pureed Nutrition Therapy for after Gastric Surgery

Instructions: During this diet stage, everything must be blended to the consistency of applesauce. <u>You may use commercially prepared, Stage 1 and Stage 2, baby food</u>. The foods you choose <u>should not contain concentrated sweets or sugar</u>. Follow this until the doctor tells you to progress to a soft diet, usually around 4 weeks after surgery.

Food Group	Allowed Foods	Foods to Avoid	Comments
Milk and milk	Fat-free milk,	Whole and 2% milk,	The milk group
products	Soy milk without added sugar,	Flavored milk	provides protein
	Carnation Breakfast Essentials	containing sugar like	
	Light Start,	chocolate/strawberry	1 cup milk =
	Fat-free milk mixed with		8 grams protein
	Sugar-free Nesquick,		Fairlife milk is
	Pureed low-fat cottage cheese,		high protein
	Low-fat blended style yogurt		Almond milk is
	without fruit, nuts, seeds or		
	added sugar,		low protein
	Sugar-free pudding		
Fruit	Unsweetened applesauce,	All others	
	Pureed canned fruit without		
*** 11	added sugar	A 11 1	
Vegetable	Pureed soft cooked vegetables,	All others	
24	Mashed potatoes	A 11	TDI
Meat	Pureed lean poultry, meat, or	All other varieties,	The meat group
High in	fish, Refried beans	High fat products	1 ounce = about
protein	Refried beans		7 grams protein
Grains/Starch	Refined cooked cereal – such	Pasta, bread, rice,	
	as cream of wheat or cream	and all other starches	
	rice		
Beverages	Water	Carbonated	Half of your
	Crystal Light	beverages,	beverages
	Sugar-free Kool-Aid	Sugar sweetened	should contain
	Tea, Coffee	beverages	protein.
	V-8 Diet Splash		
	Broth or Bouillon		
0.1	Protein Drink		A 11 1.
Other	Sugar-free Jell-O, Sugar-free	All others	All items should
	popsicle		be Sugar-free

Sample Pureed Menu for after Gastric Surgery

This is a sample menu and may be too much food for you. Stop eating as soon as you feel full.

Volume of food per meal	1/4 cup to 1/3 cup (4 to 6 tablespoons)	
Breakfast	Refined cooked cereal – use fat-free milk to thin.	
Dicamast	Thermod cooked cerear also fair free man to time.	
Liquid Protein Supplement	8 ounces protein drink (provides 13-28 grams protein	
The state of the s	depending on recipe or product used)	
Morning Snack	4 – 6 tablespoons unsweetened pureed fruit	
Morning Liquid	8 ounces water	
Lunch	Total meal should be 1/4 cup to 1/3 cup:	
	Pureed turkey (1 oz. = 2 tablespoons and provides approx.	
	8 grams of protein)	
	Mashed potato	
	Pureed green beans	
Liquid Protein Supplement	t 8 ounces protein drink (provides 13-28 grams protein	
	depending on recipe or product used)	
Afternoon Snack	4 – 6 tablespoons sugar-free, low-fat pudding (provides	
	approx. 2 – 3 grams protein)	
Afternoon Liquid	8 ounces Crystal Light	
Dinner	Total meal should be 1/4 cup to 1/3 cup:	
	Pureed beef (1 oz. = 2 tablespoons and provides approx. 9	
	grams of protein)	
	Mashed potatoes	
	Pureed carrots	
Liquid Protein Supplement	8 ounces protein drink (provides 13-28 grams protein	
	depending on recipe or product used)	
Evening Snack	4 – 6 tablespoons unsweetened applesauce	
Evening Liquid	8 ounces tea (unsweetened)	

This menu provides approximately <u>100 grams protein if a 28 gram protein drink</u> is used <u>3 times</u> per day.

General tips

- Do not eat and drink at the same time. Wait <u>30</u> minutes before and <u>30</u> minutes after eating, to drink.
- Cut food into small pieces. Chew food thoroughly (15 20 times a bite).
- Put silverware down between bites.
- Stop eating when you first feel full.
- Take 30 minutes to eat each meal.
- Eat protein foods first, then vegetable, fruit, or starchy food.
- Do not eat or drink foods made with sugar.
- Avoid high fat and greasy food.
- If lactose intolerant use soy milk or lactose-free milk
- Take your daily vitamins and mineral supplements.
- Your protein goal: 80-90 grams per day

Bariatric Surgery Diet 4 Soft Nutrition Therapy for after Gastric Surgery

Instructions: When you have been progressed to the soft diet, food no longer needs to be pureed, but it is important that you <u>chew foods thoroughly</u>. You cannot over-chew your food. (Chew each bite 15-20 times) <u>Everything should be tender enough to cut with a fork.</u>

Food Group	Allowed Foods	Foods to Avoid	Comments
Milk and	Fat-free milk,	Whole and 2% milk,	The milk group
milk products	Soy milk without added	Flavored milk with sugar	provides protein.
	sugar,	like chocolate/strawberry	
	Carnation Breakfast	High fat cheese	1 cup milk =
	Essentials Light Start,		8 grams protein
	Low-fat cottage cheese,		Fairlife milk is
	Low-fat or nonfat cheese,		high protein
	Low-fat yogurt without nuts,		
	seeds and added sugar,		Almond milk is
	Sugar-free pudding		low protein
Fruit	Unsweetened canned fruit in	All others	
	their own juice (no syrup),		
	Ripe banana		
Vegetable	Soft cooked vegetables	Vegetables with tough	
	without seeds and peels	hulls or skins like peas	
	Mashed potatoes	and corn, Raw vegetables	
Meat	Ground extra lean beef or	Thick cuts of meat	The meat group
	turkey (meatloaf, meatballs,	Chewy meats	
	hamburgers),	High fat cuts of meat	1 ounce meat =
High in	Poultry (soft and moist, can	High fat lunch meat such	about 7 grams
protein	be cooked with skin, remove	as bologna, salami, etc.),	protein
	skin before eating)	Bacon, Hotdogs,	
	Fish (soft and moist)	Bratwurst, Italian	
	Crab, scallops, oysters (not	sausage, Polish sausage	
	fried)		
	Tuna packed in water		
	Low-fat deli meats – shaved		
	Eggs		
Grains/Starch	Cooked refined cereal,	Soft bread (if it can make	You may feel
	Cold cereal soaked in milk	a dough ball),	uncomfortable
	until soggy	Rice, Pasta, Macaroni	after eating sticky
	Oatmeal	and cheese	foods.
Beverages	Water, Crystal Light,	Carbonated beverages,	Half of your
	Sugar-free Kool-Aid, Tea,	Sugar sweetened	beverages should
	Coffee, Protein drink	beverages	contain protein
	Diet V-8 Splash		

Sample Soft Menu for after Gastric Surgery

This is a sample menu and may be too much food for you. Stop eating as soon as you feel full.

Volume of food per meal	1/3 cup to 1/2 cup (6 to 8 tablespoons)
Breakfast	½ cup cooked oatmeal with nonfat milk to thin
	1 Egg, soft scrambled or ¼ cup egg substitute (1 egg
	provides 6 grams protein, ¼ cup egg substitute provides
	7.5 grams protein)
Morning Liquid	8 ounces water or Crystal Light
Morning Snack	1/3 cup soft canned fruit (no sugar, in juice) – if desired
Liquid Protein Supplement	8 ounces protein drink (provides 13-28 grams protein
	depending on recipe or product used)
Lunch	¹ / ₄ cup tuna fish - 2ounces provides 14 grams protein
	2 tablespoons mashed potato
	2 tablespoons green beans
Afternoon Liquid	8 ounces water
Afternoon Snack	½ cup no sugar added, low-fat yogurt (without nuts or
	seeds) – if desired
Liquid Protein Supplement	8 ounces protein drink (provides 13-28 grams protein
	depending on recipe or product used)
Dinner	¹ / ₄ cup meatloaf (2 ounces provides 14-16 grams protein)
	2 tablespoons mashed potato
	2 tablespoons cooked carrots
Liquid Protein Supplement	8 ounces protein drink (provides 13-28 grams protein
	depending on recipe or product used)
Evening Snack	½ small banana – if desired
Evening Liquid	8 ounces water

This menu provides approximately <u>75 grams protein if a 13 gram protein drink</u> is used <u>3 times a day and.</u> 90 grams protein if a 28 gram protein drink is used <u>2 times a day.</u>

General tips

- Do not eat and drink at the same time. Wait <u>30</u> minutes before and <u>30</u> minutes after eating, to drink.
- Cut food into small pieces. Chew food thoroughly (15 20 times a bite).
- Put silverware down between bites.
- Stop eating when you first feel full.
- Take 30 minutes to eat each meal.
- Eat protein foods first, then vegetable, fruit, or starchy food.
- Do not eat or drink foods made with sugar.
- Avoid high fat and greasy food.
- If lactose intolerant use soy milk or lactose-free milk
- Take your daily vitamins and mineral supplements.
- Your protein goal: 80-100 grams per day

Foods that should be avoided while on the soft diet

Sticky Foods

- Soft bread (it can make a ball of dough that could plug up the pouch outlet)
- Rice
- Pasta
- Macaroni and cheese
- High-fat cheese, melted cheese
- Dried fruit (raisins, prunes, and other varieties)

Crunchy Foods

- Granola and other cereals with nuts
- Raw vegetables
- Nuts
- Popcorn
- Chips

Tough Foods

- Tough or chewy meat
- Whole pieces of corn or whole peas

Foods with Seeds, Peels, or Husks

- Strawberries and other Berries
- Corn
- Peas

<u>High-Fat, High Sugar Foods</u> – These foods need to be avoided while on the soft diet and limited on the regular diet for weight control. Eating these foods may limit weight loss or cause weight regain.

- Butter, Margarine, Oil (a small amount may be used on the soft diet to keep food moist)
- Regular mayonnaise, Sour cream, Cream cheese, Salad dressing
- Whole milk and 2% milk (use nonfat milk)
- Cream, Half and half
- Bacon
- Sausage
- Luncheon Meats (those containing more than 3 grams of fat per ounce)
- Gravy (a small amount of gravy may be used on the soft diet to keep food moist)
- Ice cream, Cookies, Cakes, Pies, and other Desserts (will cause dumping syndrome)

Sample Regular Menu for after Gastric Surgery

Breakfast	Protein
1/4 cup oatmeal made with skim milk	5
1 soft scrambled egg	6
½ cup unsweetened canned peaches	
Manada a Timula	
Morning Liquid	8
8 ounces skim milk or soy milk	o
Lunch	
1/4 cup water packed tuna	7
2 teaspoons reduced fat mayonnaise	
½ cup spinach	1.5
½ cup unsweetened applesauce	
4 saltine type crackers	
Afternoon Liquid	
8 ounces skim milk	8
1/3 cup nonfat dry milk	8
1 Carnation Breakfast Essentials Light Start	5
(Do not use this if lactose intolerant)	J
(=)	
<u>Dinner</u>	
2 ounces boneless, skinless chicken	14
2 teaspoons reduced fat margarine	
¹ / ₄ cup rice	1
½ cup broccoli	1
¹ / ₄ banana	
Evening Liquid	
8 ounces skim milk or soy milk	8
-	72 grams

General tips

- Do not eat and drink at the same time. Wait <u>30</u> minutes before and <u>60</u> minutes after eating, to drink.
- Cut food into small pieces.
- Chew food thoroughly (15 20 times a bite).
- Put silverware down between bites.
- Stop eating when you first feel full.
- Take 30 minutes to eat each meal.
- Eat protein foods first, then vegetable, fruit, or starchy food.
- Do not eat or drink foods made with sugar.
- Avoid high fat and greasy food.
- If lactose intolerant use soy milk or lactose-free milk
- Take your daily vitamins and mineral supplements
- Your protein goal: 80-120 grams per day

Sample Regular Menu for after Gastric Surgery

Breakfast	Protein
8 ounces skim milk	8
1/3 cup nonfat dry milk	8
1 Carnation Breakfast Essentials Light Start	5
(Do not use this if lactose intolerant)	
Morning Liquid	
8 ounces skim milk or soy milk	8
Lunch	
¹ / ₄ cup 2% fat cottage cheese	7
½ cup green beans	
½ cup unsweetened peaches	
4 saltine type crackers	
2 teaspoons reduced fat margarine	
Afternoon Liquid	
8 ounces skim milk or soy milk	8
<u>Dinner</u>	
2 ounces cooked, lean ground beef	14
2 teaspoons reduced fat margarine	
½ cup potato	2
½ cup peas	2
½ cup melon	
Evening Snack	
8 ounces skim milk or soy milk	8
	68 grams

• GENERAL TIPS

- Do not eat and drink at the same time. Wait <u>30</u> minutes before and <u>60</u> minutes after eating to drink.
- Cut food into small pieces. Chew food thoroughly (15-20 times a bite).
- Put silverware down between bites.
- Stop eating when you first feel full.
- Take 15 minutes to eat each meal.
- Eat protein foods first, then vegetable, fruit, or starchy food.
- Do not eat or drink foods made with sugar.
- Avoid high fat and greasy food.
- If lactose intolerant use soy milk or lactose-free milk
- Take your daily vitamins and mineral supplements.
- Your protein goal: 80-120 grams per day

Protein Supplements

When choosing a protein supplement look for one containing either whey protein isolate or soy isolate.

High Protein Powders - Choose one meets the following guidelines:

- 15 grams protein per 8 ounces
- Less than 20 grams carbohydrate
- Less than 5 grams fat

Economical choices:

- No Sugar Added Carnation Breakfast Essentials Light Start (5 grams protein) + 8 ounces fat free milk (8 grams protein) = 13 grams protein
- <u>Double strength milk</u>:
 - Add 1/3 cup nonfat dry milk powder (8 grams protein) + 8 ounces fat free milk (8 grams protein) = 16 grams protein
- 8 ounces Double strength milk + No Sugar Added Carnation Breakfast Essentials Light Start= 21 grams protein

<u>Fairlife milk</u> 8 ounces = 13 grams protein

8 ounces Fairlife milk + No Sugar Added Carnation Breakfast Essentials Light Start = 18 grams protein

Examples of acceptable protein powders:

Body Fortress Premium Whey Protein Powder -1 scoop = 20 grams protein

Designer Whey -1 scoop = 18 grams protein (www.designerwhey.com)

BiPro Whey protein isolate -1 scoop = 20 grams protein (www.biprousa.com)

IsoPure Unflavored Whey protein isolate -1 scoop = 25 grams protein (www.theisopurecompany.com)

EAS AdvantEdge Soy Protein Powder -1 scoop = 20 grams protein

EAS AdvantEdge 100% Whey Protein Powder -1 scoop = 23 grams protein

Unjury Whey Protein Powder, Unflavored or Flavored -1 scoop = 20 grams protein (www.unjury.com)

Examples of acceptable products - ready to drink:

Premier Protein 11 ounces = 30 grams protein

BiPro Protein Water 16.9 ounces = 20 grams protein (www.biprousa.com)

EAS Myoplex Carb Control 11 ounces = 25 grams protein

Optisource High Protein Drink -8 ounces = 24 grams protein

Zero Carb Isopure 10 ounces = 20 grams protein (www.theisopurecompany.com)

High Protein Bars

Choose one that meet the following guidelines

- 14 20 grams protein
- Less than 20 grams carbohydrate
- Less than 5 6 grams fat

Examples of acceptable bars:

Detour Bar, 1 small bar = 15 grams protein

Pure 20 gram Protein, High protein bar = 20 grams protein

Do not use Ensure, Boost, Slimfast, or Regular Carnation Breakfast.

Making Smart Protein Choices

F	Food Item	Protein (grams)	Fat (grams)	Calories
1	1 oz. Beef loin	8	2.3	53
├	1 oz. 2% Cheese	7	6.0	80
	4 c. 1% cottage cheese	7	0.5	40
	4 c. 4% cottage cheese	6	2.5	60
<u>}</u> 1	1 oz. Chicken breast, skin removed	9	1.0	47
ro —	1 oz. Clams	7.2	0.3	42
B	1 oz. Crabmeat	5	0	20
5 <u>-</u>	1 Egg	6	4.8	72
	4 c. Egg substitute	6	0	30
	1 oz. Fish (like cod)	6.5	0.3	30
8 7,	B oz. Milk, nonfat or 1%	8	0 – 2.0	80
	B oz. Milk, plain, soy	8-11	4.0	100-130
<u> </u>	1/3 c. Milk, dry solids, nonfat (powdered milk)	8	0	81
<u> </u>	1 oz. Pork loin	8	2.7	59
7 1	¼ c. Ricotta cheese, Low-fat	7	3.0	60
	1 oz. Salmon	6.3	3.5	58
<u> </u>	1 oz. Shrimp	6	0.3	28
	1 oz. Tuna (water)	7.2	0.2	33
	4 cup Yogurt, Greek, plain (nonfat)	5.0	0	33
	½ c. Pudding, no sugar, prepared with 2% milk	5.0	3.0	100
	1 oz. Tofu	4.5	2.5	41
au —	4 cup Yogurt (nonfat), plain	3.5	0	36
	4 c. Black beans or kidney beans	3.8	0	57
5 /	4 c. Black eyed peas	2.5	2.5	50
	¼ c. Garbanzo beans	3.6	1.0	67
	4 c. Great northern beans	3.7	0	52
ν — 1/2 π 1/2	4 c. Lentils	4.5	0	58
	4 c. Pinto beans	3.8	6.0	61
_	4 c. Soy beans	7.0	4.0	75
D 1/2	4 c. Split peas	4	0	75
	1 oz. Oysters	2	0	22
1	1 Tbsp. peanut butter	4	8.1	95
	1 oz. almonds	6.3	15	169
1	1 oz. cashews	4.3	13.2	163
				166
	·			202
				161
\ \frac{1}{1}	·			185
				114
1 1 1 1	1 oz. casnews 1 oz. peanuts 1 oz. pecans 1 oz. pistachios 1 oz. walnuts 1 oz. Cheese	4.3 6.7 2.7 6.1 4.3	13.2 14 21.1 13 18.5 9.4	

1 ounce meat, poultry, fish, cheese = size of a matchbox 1 ounce nuts = about ¼ cup

To prevent dumping syndrome avoid foods high in sucrose (table sugar). Symptoms of dumping syndrome may include cramping, abdominal pain, diarrhea, dizziness, weakness, and rapid heartbeat. Late dumping syndromes may include low blood sugar (hypoglycemia), shakiness, sweating, confusion, and weakness. There are many types of sweeteners. Sweeteners may be caloric or non-caloric.

Acceptable sweeteners

Typically these sweeteners will not cause dumping syndrome in individuals who have had gastric bypass surgery or and other types of stomach surgery.

Acesulfame K: non-caloric - Product (Sunnet Sweetener)

An artificial sweetener 200 times as sweet as sucrose (sugar). It is heat stable it can be used in baking and cooking.

Aspartame: caloric - Product (Blue Packets/Box: NutraSweet, Equal Classic)

An artificial sweetener made of two amino acids. It is 180 times as sweet as sugar. It is so sweet that the amount used per serving has almost no calories.

Dulcitol: caloric

A naturally occurring sugar alcohol.

Fructose (fruit sugar, levulose): caloric

One of the most common natural sugars. It is found mostly in fruit and honey. The sweetness of pure fructose varies. It can be almost twice as sweet as sucrose (sugar). Fructose is not associated with a rapid and high rise in blood glucose level. It is typically well tolerated.

Maltose: caloric

Formed by two linked glucose molecules. It rapidly breaks down to glucose in the intestine.

Mannitol: caloric

A naturally occurring sugar alcohol that causes that raises blood sugar less than sucrose (sugar) or glucose does. It is about half as sweet as sucrose (sugar) and is slowly absorbed into the blood. In large amounts it can cause diarrhea.

Acceptable sweeteners continued

Lactose: caloric

Naturally occurring sugar in milk. It makes up 4.5% of cow's milk.

Saccharin: non-caloric - Product (Pink Packet/Box: Sweet'N Low, Equal Saccharin, Sugar Twin)

The most commonly used non-caloric sweetener in the U.S. It is about 375 times sweeter than sucrose (sugar).

Sorbitol: caloric

A naturally occurring sugar alcohol found in plants. It is commercially produced from glucose. It is about half as sweet as sucrose (sugar) and is slowly absorbed into the blood. In large amounts it can cause diarrhea. It causes only a small rise in blood glucose. In large amounts it may cause cramping or diarrhea. It is widely used in "diabetic foods".

Sucralose: Products (Yellow Packet/Box: Splenda, Equal Sucralose)

Sucralose starts out as sucrose (table sugar) but has been changed so it can't be digested. This makes it calorie-free.

Stevia: caloric

Derived from the stevia rebaudiana plant. It is known as sweet leaf or sweet herb. It is accepted as a low-calorie sweetener in several countries. In the U.S. stevia can only be sold as a dietary supplement. The FDA has not approved it as a food additive. Stevia is about 300 times sweeter than table sugar.

Xylitol: caloric

A naturally occurring sugar alcohol produced from xylose (bark sugar). It is slowly absorbed and causes less of a rise in blood sugar than sucrose or glucose does. In large amounts it can cause diarrhea.

Sweeteners to avoid

These sweeteners are likely to cause dumping syndrome in individuals who have had gastric bypass surgery or other types of stomach surgery.

Carob powder (carob flour): caloric

Made by grinding the pod of the carob tree. Tastes similar to chocolate. It is 75 % sucrose, glucose and fructose.

Dextrin: caloric

Consists of chains of glucose molecules. Their effect on blood glucose has not been well evaluated, but may be similar to glucose.

Glucose (corn sugar, dextrose, grape sugar): caloric

A naturally occurring sugar that normally causes a fast and high rise in blood sugar. The body creates glucose during digestion by breaking down carbohydrates in food and then uses it for energy. Glucose builds up in your blood if your diabetes is not well controlled. High blood sugar does not cause the dumping syndrome.

Glucose syrups (corn syrup, corn syrup solids, sorghum syrup, starch syrup, sugar cane syrup): caloric

Liquid sweeteners produced by the breakdown of starch. They contain a mixture of glucose and maltose. Corn syrup solids are the crystallized form of corn syrup.

High fructose corn syrups: caloric

Produced from corn syrups. They contain between 42 - 90% fructose. The remaining part of the syrup is mostly glucose.

Honey (comb honey, cream honey): caloric

A natural syrup that varies in sugar and flavor. It is about 35% glucose about 40% fructose and water.

Maple syrup (maple sugar): caloric

Made from the sap of the maple and other trees. It is mostly sucrose (sugar). The crystallized syrup is maple sugar.

Milk chocolate (bitter chocolate, bittersweet chocolate): caloric

Produced by mixing milk, sugar, and cocoa butter to bitter chocolate. Milk chocolate contains about 43% sugar. Bittersweet chocolate contains about 40% sugar.

Sweeteners to avoid continued

Molasses (blackstrap, golden syrup, refiners' syrup, treacle, unsulfured): caloric

The sugar drawn from sugar crystals as they are refined into pure sucrose (sugar). Different types are usually made during sucrose (sugar) refinement. All types contain 50-75% sucrose (sugar) and should be avoided.

Sucrose (beet sugar, brown sugar, cane sugar, confectioner's sugar, invert sugar, powdered sugar, raw sugar, saccharose sugar, sugar, <u>table sugar</u>, turbinado): caloric

A naturally occurring sugar made from sugar cane or sugar beets. It's what we think of when we say the word "sugar". It is made of equal parts glucose and fructose. This should be avoided.

Sweetened condensed whole milk (sweetened condensed milk, sweetened condensed whey): caloric

Made by cutting the water content of milk in half and then adding sugar. The final product is about 44% sucrose (sugar).

Reading a Food Label for Weight Loss

When selecting foods, be aware of how much sugar, protein, and fat is in those foods. Looking at a food label is a great way to determine how much of these you are eating.

Servings

The first thing to look at is the serving size and how many servings per package. The nutrition facts on the label apply to one serving of the food. This food item has four servings in the package. If you eat the whole package, multiply all of the nutrition facts by four to determine what you ate.

Ex: 4 servings x 120 calories/serv. = 480 total cal.

Total Fat

To help you lose weight, choose foods that are low in total fat. Grains and dairy products should have 3 or less grams of fat per serving. Meat and cheese should have about 3 grams of fat per ounce. This food item has 2 grams of fat per serving and .5 grams of fat per ounce.

Carbohydrate Guidelines

The 'total carbohydrate' line will show you the number of grams of carbohydrate in one serving of the food. You do not need to add in the grams of fiber or sugars. These are already added into the total carbohydrate count. This food item has 22 grams of carbohydrate per serving.

Nutrition Facts			
Serving Size 4 ounces			
Servings per container	4		
Amount Per Serving			
Calories 120	Calories from Fat 15		
	% Daily Value*		
Total Fat 2g	3%		
Saturated Fat 1g	5%		
Trans Fat 0 g			
Cholesterol 5mg			
Sodium 60mg			
Potassium 160 mg			
Total Carbohydrate 22g			
Sugars 19g			
Protein 4g			
Calcium 15%	Vitamin D 15%		
* Percent Daily Values are based on a 2,000 calorie diet			

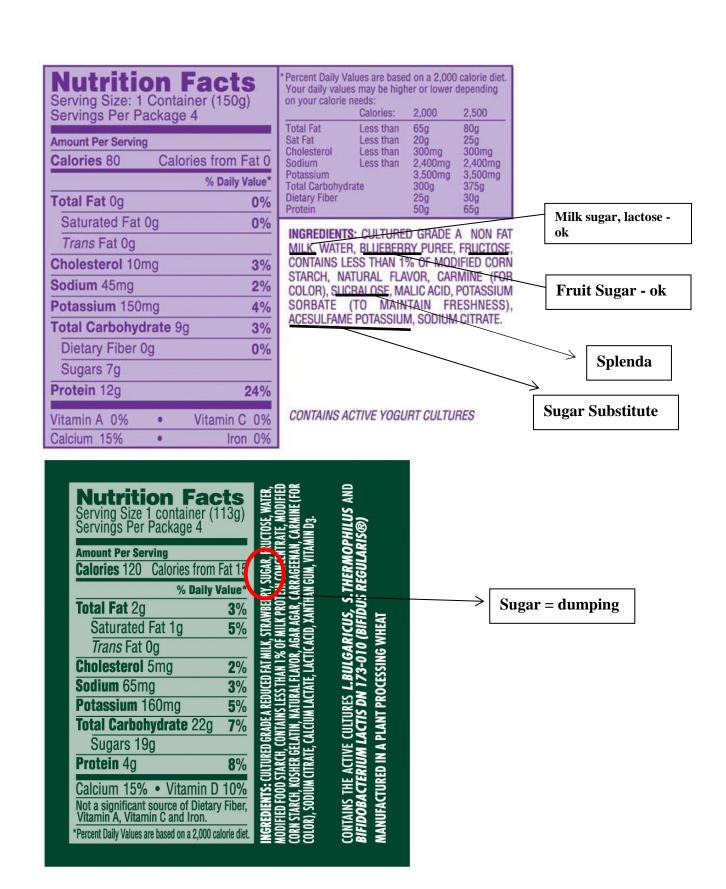
Sugars

Some types of sugar are not okay for you to eat after weight loss surgery. This section of the food label will not tell you what type of sugar or sugar substitute is in the food. Look in the ingredients section for this. Compare the types of sugar to the Sugar/Sugar Substitutes handout to find out if the food is okay.

As a general rule, if sugar is listed as one of the first 4 ingredients, the food has too much sugar in it for you to eat.

Protein

Choosing foods that are high in protein will help you meet your daily protein needs more easily. Try to eat a total of 50-60 grams of protein each day. This food contains 4 grams of protein per serving.



Pureeing Foods

- 1. Cut food into tiny pieces, about the size of a dime.
- 2. Place food in a blender.
- 3. Add liquid (Fat-free broth or Fat-free gravy) to cover the blender blade.
- 4. Blend until very smooth (like applesauce).
- 5. Before using, strain out any lumps or pieces of food that did not blend.
- 6. Add desired spices (not too spicy) and blend again.

Storing

Use ice cube trays. Each cube will hold about 1 ounce. You can prepare and freeze pureed meats, pureed vegetables, and pureed fruits.

Helpful measurements:

1 ounce = 1/8 cup = 2 Tablespoons

2 ounces = $\frac{1}{4}$ cup = 4 Tablespoons

4 ounces = $\frac{1}{2}$ cup = 8 Tablespoons

Pureed/Blended Recipes

Pumpkin Pudding

1 package (1.4 ounce) Butterscotch Jell-O Sugar-free instant pudding

2 cups Fat-free milk

1/3 cup nonfat dry milk powder

½ cup canned pumpkin

½ tsp pumpkin pie spice

½ tsp cinnamon

1/8 tsp nutmeg

1/8 tsp ginger

Mix the nonfat dry milk powder with the Fat-free milk. Using a fork, mix the dry pudding mix and spices in a medium bowl. Pour in the milk. Add the pumpkin. Blend until mixed well (use a wire whisk or mixer). Pour into 4 individual dishes.

Chill until cold.

Makes 4 (½ cup) servings

Per serving: Protein 7 grams, Carbohydrate: 17 grams, Calories: 90

Oatmeal with Protein

½ cup skim milk

2 ½ tablespoons nonfat dry milk powder

1/4 cup old fashioned oatmeal

Cinnamon and no calorie sweetener (Splenda, Equal, Stevia, etc.) to taste

Mix the nonfat dry milk powder with the Fat-free milk in a small pot. Add the oatmeal and cook on low heat, do not boil. Place mixture into the blender, blend until smooth. Add cinnamon and no calorie sweetener to taste.

Makes 1 (½ cup) serving

Per serving: Protein 10 grams, Carbohydrate 26 grams, Calories: 155

Blended Fruit with Cottage Cheese

1 cup 1% cottage cheese

½ cup canned fruit (low sugar or canned in its own juice)

Add cottage cheese and fruit to blender. Blend until very smooth.

Makes 2 (1/2 cup) servings

Per serving: Protein: 14 grams, Carbohydrate: 12 grams, Calories: 115

Pureed/Blended Recipes

Sunshine Smoothie

1 cup 1% cottage cheese

½ cup skim milk

2 ½ tablespoons nonfat dry milk

1 small banana (6 inch long)

3 tablespoons Sugar-free orange marmalade (made with Splenda)

Place all ingredients into a blender and cover. Blend until very smooth.

Makes 3 (1 cup) servings

Per serving: Protein: 12 grams, Carbohydrate: 19 grams, Calories: 122

Mocha Shake

½ teaspoon instant coffee

½ cup hot water

1 package Chocolate Carnation Breakfast Essentials Light Start

1/3 cup nonfat dry milk

5 ice cubes, crushed

Mix coffee crystals in hot water. Pour into a blender. Add other ingredients and mix until smooth.

Makes 1 cup

Per serving: Protein 13 grams, Carbohydrate: 24 grams, Calories: 140

Tofu Chocolate Pudding

12 ounces light silken tofu 1/3 cup Fat-free milk 1/3 cup Splenda 1/4 cup cocoa powder

Place tofu, Splenda and cocoa powder in a blender. Start blending while adding the milk slowly. Blend until smooth. Place pudding in 4 individual dishes.

Chill for at least 20 minutes before serving.

Makes 4 (2/3 cup) servings

Per serving: Protein 9 grams, Carbohydrate: 4 grams, Calories: 57

High Protein Recipe Ideas for after Gastric Surgery

Citrus Julius

1 cup nonfat milk or soy milk 1/3 cup nonfat dry milk powder 1 packet orange flavored Crystal Light 3 – 4 ice cubes

Mix milk with nonfat dry milk. Put milk mixture in a blender. Add the orange Crystal Light and ice cubes. Blend until smooth.

1 serving = 16 grams protein

Choco-banana Smoothie

1 cup nonfat milk or soy milk

1/3 cup nonfat dry milk

1 packet Carnation Breakfast Essentials Light Start – chocolate flavor

1/3 ripe banana (cut into chunks and frozen)

Mix milk well with nonfat dry milk. Put milk mixture in a blender. Add the Carnation Breakfast Essentials Light Start and banana. Blend until smooth.

1 serving = 21 grams protein

High Protein Sugar-free Pudding

1 package sugar-free instant pudding

2 cups nonfat milk or soy milk

2/3 cup nonfat dry milk

Mix milk well with nonfat dry milk. Pour sugar-free instant pudding into a medium sized bowl. Add milk mixture and stir according to the directions on the pudding box.

Makes 4 (1/2 cup servings) 1 serving = 9 grams protein

Blueberry Smoothie

1-cup nonfat milk or soy milk

1/3 cup nonfat dry milk powder

½ cup frozen blueberries

1 packet vanilla Carnation Breakfast Essentials Light Start

Mix milk and nonfat dry milk together well in a blender. Add the instant breakfast and frozen blueberries. Blend until smooth.

1 serving = 21 grams protein

Strawberry Smoothie (makes 2 servings)

½ cup nonfat milk or soy milk

2 ½ Tablespoons nonfat dry milk powder

½ cup Low-fat cottage cheese

½ tsp. vanilla

2 – 4 packets of no-calorie sweetener (Splenda, Equal, Stevia, etc.)

1 cup frozen strawberries

Blend milk, nonfat dry milk powder and cottage cheese until smoothie. Add vanilla. Add ½ cup strawberries and blend well. Add remaining ½ cup strawberries and no calorie sweetener and blend well.

1 serving = 12 grams protein

<u>High Protein, Low-fat Cream Soup</u> (Makes 3 servings)

1 can 98% Fat-free cream soup (like Campbell's 98% Fat-free cream of chicken)

1 can nonfat evaporated skim milk (example – Carnation nonfat)

1 small jar of baby food-poultry

Place all ingredients into a blender and blend well.

1 serving = 12 grams protein

Low Calorie Peanut Butter (recipe is from Canyon Ranch Spa)

1 cup part-skim ricotta cheese

½ cup smooth peanut butter

2 ¼ teaspoons vanilla extract

½ teaspoon cinnamon

Combine all ingredients in a blender or food processor and process until very smooth. If you want a sweeter product, you can add sweetener to your taste. Place in a covered container and refrigerate.

2 Tablespoons = 5 grams protein, <u>70 calories</u>

(compare to regular peanut butter -2 Tablespoons = 8 grams protein, $\underline{190 \text{ calories}}$)

Sugar-free High Protein Cocoa

1-cup nonfat milk or soy milk

1/3 cup nonfat dry milk powder

1-2 Tablespoons unsweetened cocoa powder

No calorie sweetener (Splenda, Equal, Stevia, etc.)

Mix nonfat dry milk powder, cocoa powder, and no calorie sweetener together. Gradually stir in milk until smooth. Heat in microwave or in pan on stove top, to desired temperature.

1 serving = 16 grams protein

Other Recipes with Added Protein

- 1 soft scrambled egg with 2 tablespoons <u>Low-fat</u> shredded cheese (2% cheese) **1 serving** = **10 grams protein**
- 1/3 cup plain, <u>Greek</u> yogurt add vanilla and artificial sweetener to taste **1 serving** = **7** grams protein
- ¼ cup part skim ricotta cheese add 2 teaspoons spaghetti sauce and 2 Tablespoons Low-fat cheese (2% cheese) **1 serving** = **11 grams protein**
- ¼ cup Fat-free refried beans (like Old El Paso) add 2 Tablespoons Low-fat cheese (2% cheese) and melt 1 serving = 7 grams protein
- ½ cup water packed albacore tuna add 1 chopped hardboiled egg and 1 Tablespoon Low-fat mayonnaise (Makes 2 servings) **1 serving = 15 grams protein**
- Cheesy egg substitute ½ cup Fat-free liquid egg substitute (like Egg Beaters) + 1 wedge Light Laughing Cow cheese wedge (cut into pieces) Spray a large micro-safe mug with nonstick spray. Add egg substitute and cheese and stir. Microwave to about 1 minute. Stir gently and microwave about 30 seconds until set. Stir and eat. 1 serving = 14 grams protein, ½ serving = 7 grams protein
- Turkey omelet ¼ cup egg substitute (like Egg Beaters) + 2 slices turkey deli meat (chopped) + 2 Tablespoons Low-fat cheese (2% cheese) Spray small skillet with nonstick spray. Add egg substitute and cook on low until eggs start to set. Top with deli turkey and cheese. Folds in half like an omelet. **1 serving = 13 grams protein**